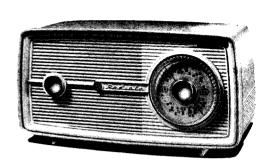
# TECHNICAL INFORMATION AND SERVICE DATA



### MODEL 495-MA

FOUR VALVE, BROADCAST, A.C. OPERATED SUPERHETERODYNE

Issued by:
AMALGAMATED WIRELESS (AUSTRALASIA) LTD.



### ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

### **Connection to Power Supply:**

The receiver should not be connected to any circuit supplying other than 200-260 volts A.C. at a frequency of 50 C.P.S.

The connections on the power transformer are shown below.

## RED DOT INDICATES COMMON CONNECTION FOR ALL VOLTAGES

230-260 200-230 VOLTS VOLTS Valve Complement

6BE6 Converter

6AU6 1.F. Amplifier

6BV7 Detector, A.V.C. High Gain Output

6X4 Rectifier

### CHASSIS REMOVAL:

The chassis together with the fret is removed by removing the two screws at the back of the cabinet. This allows complete accessibility to the top and bottom of the chassis and to the pilot lamp.

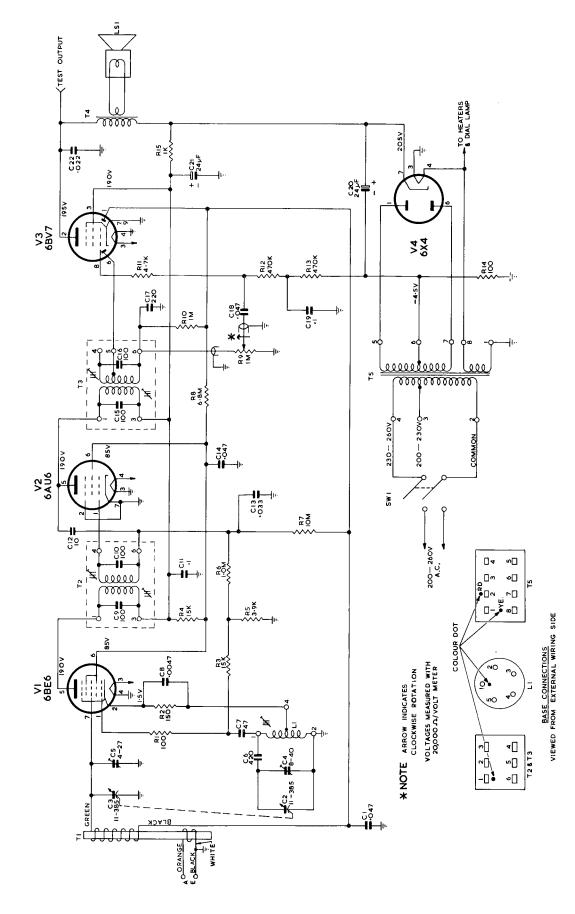
Should it ever be necessary to remove the front fret, first remove the tuning and volume control knobs. These are only push on fits; however in the case of the tuning control, forcing the knob past its free travel with a twisting action is necessary to overcome friction between the knob and the gang spindle.

Remove the dial scale.

The fret is held to the chassis by three screws, one under the volume Control spindle and two in vertical line with the gang spindle.

**NOTE:** On removing the dial scale, two other screws are accessible through the fret. These hold the gang onto its mounting bracket and may be loosened off for centering the gang spindle with relation to the fret.

Reassembly is the reverse of the above. After replacing the tuning control the pointer should be lined up on the State Monograms on either side of the dial scale. Check the calibration on some known stations and correct for any tracking error by forcing the knob past its free travel in the appropriate direction.



### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

### Manufacturer's Setting of Adjustments:

The receiver is tested by the manufacturer with precision instruments and all adjusting screws are sealed. Re-alignment should be necessary only when components in tuned circuits are repaired or replaced or when it is found that the seals over the adjusting screws have been broken. It is especially important that the adjustments should not be altered unless in association with the correct testing instruments listed below.

Under no circumstances should the plates of the ganged tuning capacitor be bent, as the unit is accurately aligned during manufacture and can only be re-adjusted by skilled operators using special equipment.

For all alignment operations, keep the generator output as low as possible to avoid A.V.C. action and set the volume control in the maximum clockwise position.

### **Testing Instruments:**

- (1) A.W.A. Junior Signal Generator, type 2R7003; or
- (2) A.W.A. Modulated Oscillator, series J6726.

If the modulator oscillator is used, connect a 22 megohms non-inductive resistor across the output terminals.

(3) A.W.A. Output Meter, type 2M8832.

### ALIGNMENT TABLE

Alignment Order	Connect "high" side of Generator to:	Tune Generator to:	Tune Receiver to:	Adjust for Maximum Peak Output:
1	Aerial Section of Gang	455 Kc/s.	Gang fully closed	Cores in T2 and T3
		t is obtained.		
2	Inductively Coupled to	600 Kc/s.	600 Kc/s.	· ·
2	Inductively Coupled to Rod Aerial* Inductively Coupled to Rod Aerial*		600 Kc/s.	L.F. Osc. Core Adj. (L1)† H.F. Osc. Adj. (C4)

<sup>\*</sup> A coil comprising 3 turns of 16 gauge D.C.C. wire and about 12 inches in diameter should be connected between the output terminals of the test instrument, placed concentric with the rod aerial and distant not less than 1 foot from it.

### SOCKET VOLTAGES

Valves	Cathode to Chassis Volts	Screen Grid to Chassis Volts	Anode to Chassis Volts	Anode Current mA	Heater Volts
BE6 Converter	1.5	85	190	2.3	6.3
AU6 I.F. Amp	_	85	190	5	6.3
BV7 Det., A.V.C., Output		190	195	2'8	6.3
X4 Rectifier	205		190/190 A.C. R.M.S.	_	6.3

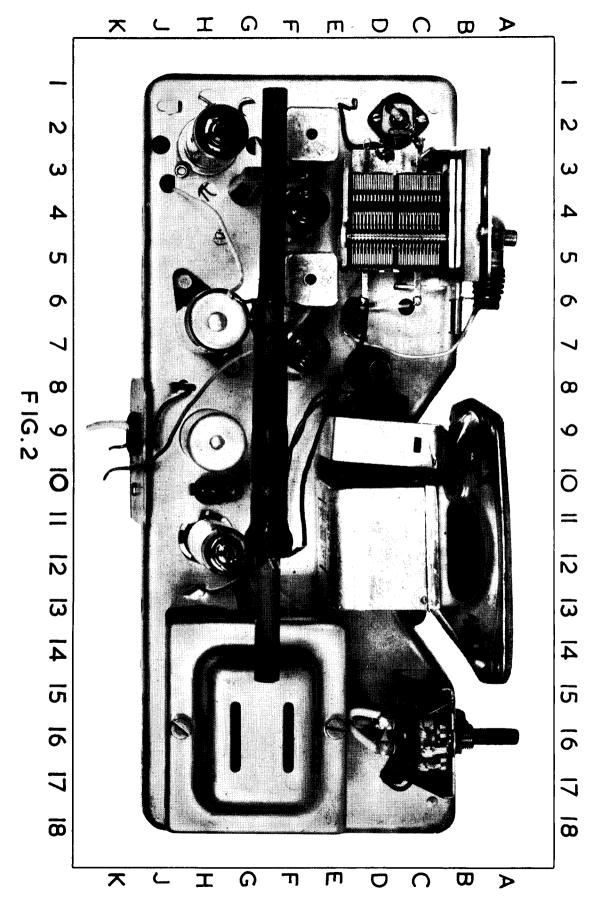
Volts across Back-bias resistor R14 = -4.5V.

Total H.T. Current = 42 mA.

Measured at 240 volts A.C. Supply. No signal input.

Volume Control maximum clockwise. Voltmeter 20,000 ohms per volt; measurements taken on highest scale giving accurate readable deflection.

<sup>†</sup> Rock the tuning control back and forth through the signal.



### D. C. RESISTANCE OF WINDINGS

WINDING	D.C. RESISTANCE IN OHMS
Ferrite Aerial Assembly (T1): Primary	*
Secondary	1.5
Oscillator Coil L1	3.7
I.F. Transformer Windings T2, T3	18
Output Transformer T4:	
Primary	390
Secondary	1.7
Power Transformer T5:	
Primary	53
H.T. Secondary	280
L.T. Secondary	*

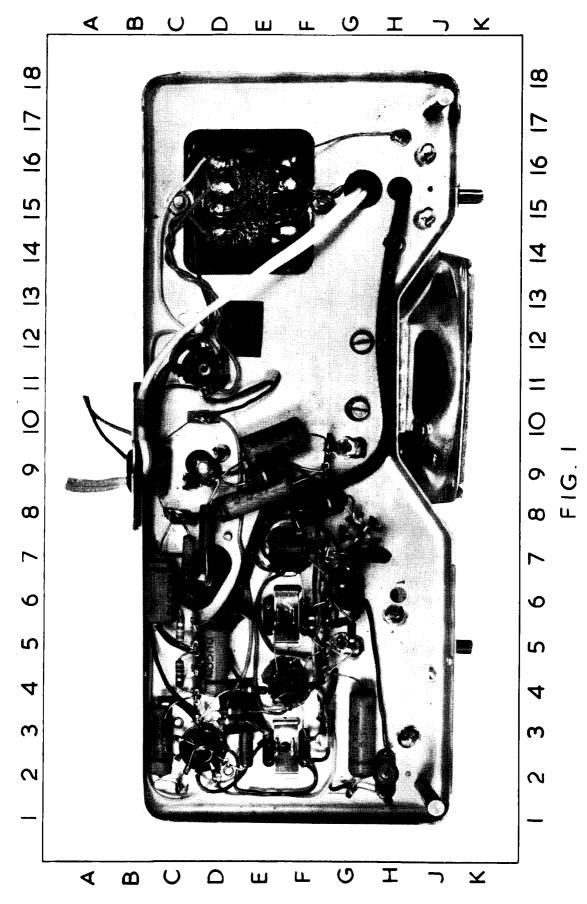
<sup>\*</sup> Less than 1 OHM.

The above readings were taken on a standard chassis, but substitution of materials during manufacture may cause variations and it should not be assumed that a component is faulty if a slightly different reading is obtained.

### MECHANICAL REPLACEMENT PARTS

ITEM	PART No.
CABINET FITTING: Cabinet Body	28150
DIAL SCALE:	
N.S.W. VIC. Q'LAND. S.A. W.A. TAS. Fret Assembly Knob Assembly, Tuning Knob Assembly, Volume	32281 32282 32283 32284 32285 32286 36421 35944 36422
CHASSIS ASSEMBLY:	
Clamp, Cable Clip, I.F. Mounting Holder, Pilot Lamp Screw, Osc. Coil Mounting Support, Rod Aerial	17651 27780 32804 34147 36403

When ordering parts always quote Part Numbers and in the case of coloured parts such as cabinets, knobs, etc., the colour plus the Part Number.



# CIRCUIT CODE - RADIOLA MODEL 495 - MA

Code No.	No. Description	c		Part No.		Fig. No. Location	Code No.	Description	Part No. Fig	Fig. No.	Location
	RESISTORS						C14	$0.047~\mu F~\pm~20\%~400V$ , working paper			E8
2	100 ohms	+ 10%	} watt		-	F7	C15	100 pF $\pm$ 5% silvered mica (in 2nd I.F.)		_	F3
R2	150 ohms				-	· &	C16	100 pF $\pm$ 5% silvered mica (in 2nd I.F.)		_	E3
R3	15 K ohms				_	8	C17	220 pF $\pm$ 10% silvered mica		_	E3
R4	15 K ohms		-		_	6	C18	$0.047~\mu\text{F}~\pm~20\%~200V.$ working paper		_	D5
R5	3.9 K ohms	%01 +1	- ¢		_	: E	C19	0.1 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 20% 200V. working paper		_	% C%
R6	1 Megohm		· -*		-	92	C20	$24 \mu F 350 P.V.$ Electrolytic		_	D7
R7	10 Megohms	H 10%	-k		_	F4	2	24 μF 350 P.V. Electrolytic		_	60
<b>R</b> 8	6.8 Megohms	÷ 10%	½ watt		-	D3	C22	$0.022~\mu F~\pm~20\%~600V.$ working paper		_	60
R9	1 Megohm Volume Contro	lume Contro	_:	36417	2	C16		3034460			
R10	1 Megohm	%01   <del> </del>			-	D3	-	I KAIN OF CIKINIERO			
E]	4.7 K ohms	$\pm$ 20%	½ watt		-	ៗ	F		36946A 2	7	F9
R12	470 K ohms	+ 10%			_	Δ	12		27351		F6
R13	470 K ohms	%01 <del> </del>	- 2		~	SS	T3			2	F2
R14	100 ohms		½ watt		_	5	<b>T</b> 4	٠.	⋖		60
R15	1 K ohms	± 20%	1 watt		-	D8	15	Power Transformer			616
	CAPACITORS							INDUCTOR			
Ü	0.047 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 20% 200V. working paper	3% 200V. w	vorking paper		-	ຶ	5	Oscillator Coil 540-1600 Kc/s.	32406	7	D8
C	11-385 pF tuning (Osc.)	1g (Osc.)	-		7	5 2					
C3	11-385 pF tuning (Aerial)	ng (Aerial)		21209	8	D 6		VALVES			
7	8-40 pF spiral trimmer (Osc.)	trimmer (O	sc.)	231185	2	S	5	6BE6		_	F7
CS	4-27 pF trimmer (Aerial)	er (Aerial)		33304		2	۸5	6AU6	-	_	F4
ဗ	420 pF $\pm$ 2\frac{1}{2}\% padder	6 padder			-	95	^3	68V7			D3
C	47 pF $\pm$ 10% silvered mica	silvered mi	ca		_	67		6X4		_	D12
8	$0.0047 \ \mu\text{F} \pm 20\% \ 600V. \ \text{working paper}$	20% 600V.	working paper		_	82		OLIDSBEAKED			
ပ	100 FF ± 5%	silvered m	nica (in 1st I.F.)	_	-	F6					
C10	100 $t$ F $\pm$ 5%	silvered m	ica (in 1st I.F.)		_	E6	LS1	4" Permanent Magnet (Incl. T4)	21182 2	7	C12
5	0.1 WF ± 209	% 400V. w	20% 400V. working paper			E10					
C12	10 $ m pF \pm 10\%$ N750 tubular	N750 tubul	lar		-	63		MISCELLANEOUS			
C13	0.033 $\mu$ F $\pm$ 20% 600V. working pape	)% 600V. w	vorking paper		-	63	SW1	Power ON/OFF (on R9)	2	~1	C16