TECHNICAL INFORMATION AND SERVICE DATA

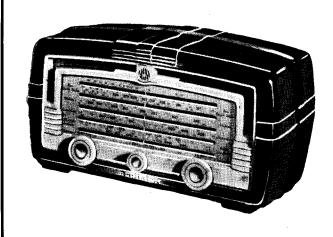


Model 565-MA

FIVE VALVE, BROADCAST, A.C. OPERATED SUPERHETERODYNE

ISSUED BY:

AMALGAMATED WIRELESS (AUSTRALASIA) LTD.



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Frequency Range 540-1600 Kc/s. (555-187.5 Metres)

Intermediate Frequency 455 Kc/s.

Power Supply Rating 200-260 volts 50-60 C.P.S. (Models are produced with other ratings.)

Power Consumption 40 watts

Loudspeaker:
5 inch permanent magnet. Part No. 20874. Transformer Part. No. 31772E. V.C. Impedance 3 ohms at 400 C.P.S.

Valve Complement:

- (1) 68E6 Converter
- (2) 6BA6 I.F. Amplifier
- (3) 6AV6 Detector, A.F. Amplifier, A.V.C.
- (4) 6AQ5 Output.
- (5) 6X4 Rectifier.

Chassis Removal:

- (1) Remove the control knobs by pulling them straight off their spindles.
- (2) Remove two nuts from the top of the cabinet back, two screws from underneath the cabinet back and withdraw it.
- (3) The chassis is held to the cabinet front by two screws situated under it. Removal of these enables the chassis to be withdrawn.

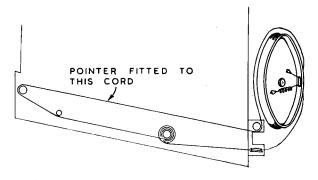
Connection to Power Supply:

The receiver should not be connected to any circuit supplying other than alternating current from 200-260 volts and at the frequency stated on the label inside the cabinet.

RED DOT INDICATES COMMON CONNECTION FOR ALL VOLTAGES

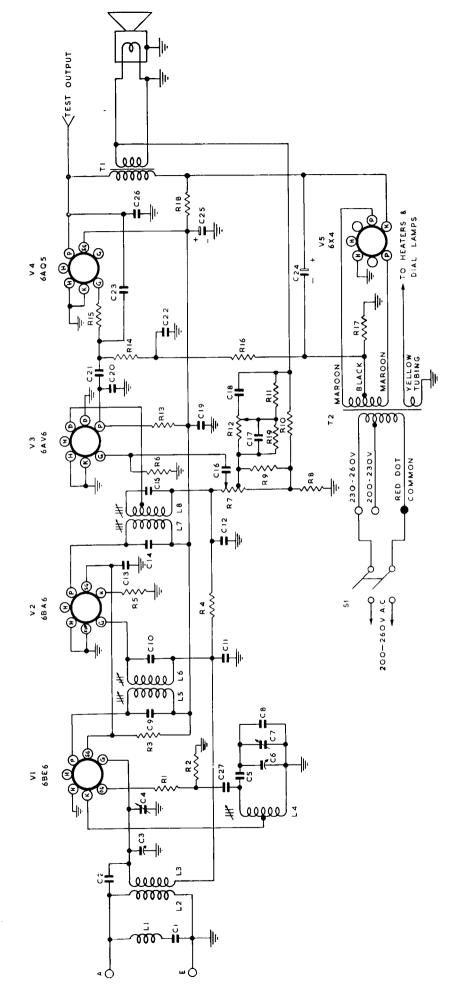


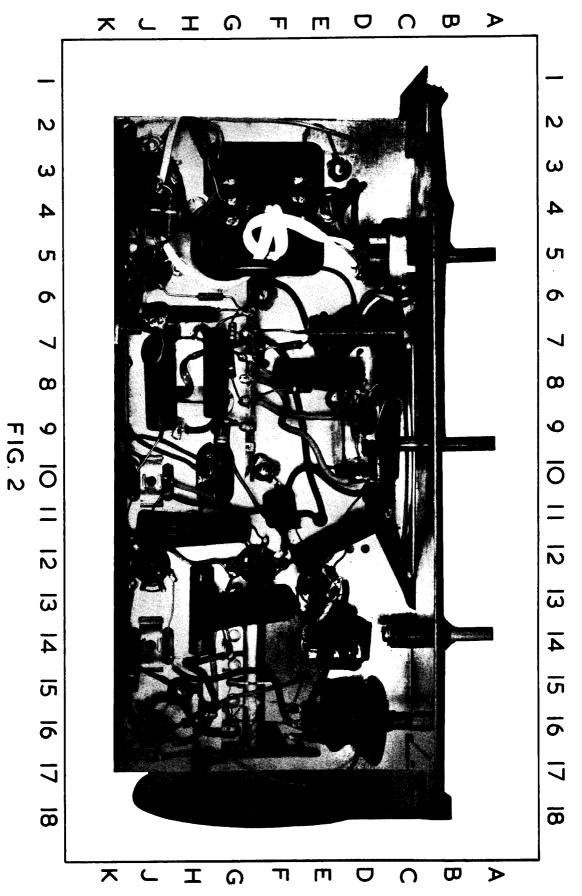
The power supply connections are shown in the accompanying diagram.



Tuning Drive Cord Replacement:

The accompanying diagram shows the route of the cord and the method of attachment.





ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Manufacturer's Setting of Adjustments:

The receiver is tested by the manufacturer with precision instruments and all adjusting screws are sealed. Realignment should be necessary only when components in tuned circuits are repaired or replaced or when it is found that the seals over the adjusting screws have been broken.

It is especially important that the adjustments should not be altered unless in association with the correct testing instruments listed below.

Under no circumstances should the plates of the ganged tuning capacitor be bent, as the unit is accurately aligned during manufacture and cannot be readjusted unless by skilled operators using special equipment.

For all alignment operations, connect the "low" side of the signal generator to the receiver chassis, and keep the generator output as low as possible to avoid A.V.C. action. Also, keep the volume control in the maximum clockwise position.

Testing Instruments:

- (1) A.W.A. Junior Signal Generator, type 2R7003, or
- (2) A.W.A. Modulated Oscillator, series J6726.
- If the modulated oscillator is used, connect a 0.25 megohm non-inductive resistor across the output terminals.
 - (3) A.W.A. Output Meter, type 2M8832.

ALIGNMENT TABLE

Alignment Order	Connect "high" side of Generator to:	Tune Generato	or Tune Receiver Dial to:	Adjust for Maximum Peak Output:
1	Aerial Section of Gang (Drive End)	455 Kc/s.	540 Kc/s. (4QL)	L8 Core
2	Aerial Section of Gang (Drive End)	455 Kc/s.	540 Kc/s. (4QL)	L7 Core
3	Aerial Section of Gang (Drive End)	455 Kc/s.	540 Kc/s. (4QL)	L6 Core
4	Aerial Section of Gang (Drive End)	455 Kc/s.	540 Kc/s. (4QL)	L5 Core
Repeat the	above adjustments until the	maximum output is	obtained.	
5 6 7	Aerial Lead Aerial Lead Aerial Lead	600 Kc/s. 1500 Kc/s. 1500 Kc/s.	600 Kc/s. (7ZL) 1500 Kc/s. (3AK) 1500 Kc/s. (3AK)	L.F. Osc. Core Adj. (L- H.F. Osc. Adj. (C7) H.F. Aer. Adj. (C4)

^{*} Rock the tuning control back and forth through the signal.

G \Box ω 4 G O $\boldsymbol{\varpi}$ 9 ō 7 $\overline{\omega}$ 7 5 ᢐ 8 $\overline{\mathbf{\omega}}$ I ス <u>ດ</u> П B

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N ω 4 Ŋ Q œ FIG.I. 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 <u>6</u> **17**

MECHANICAL REPLACEMENT PARTS

Cabinet Back	32412
Cabinet Body	32410
Grille and Scale Assembly	31902
Knob, Tone, Tuning	31341
Knob, Volume	31342
Nameplate	27748
Nameplate, numeral	33102
Pointer	31346
Valve Socket Assembly	19965

When ordering, always quote the above part numbers and in the case of coloured parts, such as cabinet, knobs. etc., the colour plus the part number.

D.C. RESISTANCE OF WINDINGS

Winding	D.C. Resistance in ohms.
Aerial Coil:	
Primary (L2)	3
Secondary (L3)	2
Oscillator Coil (L4)	5
I.F. Filter (L1)	17.5*
I.F. Transformer Windings	15
Power Transformer (T2)	
Primary	50
Secondary	450
Loudspeaker Input Transformer (T1)	
Primary	425 or 430
Secondary	†

[†] Less than 1 ohm.

The above readings were taken on a standard chassis, but substitution of materials during manufacture may cause variations and it should not be assumed that a component is faulty if a slightly different reading is obtained.

SOCKET VOLTAGES

VALVES	Cathode to Chassis Volts:	Screen Grid to Chassis Volts:	Anode to Chassis Volts:	Anode Current mA:	Heater Volts:
6BE6 Converter		85	165	1.8	6.3
6BA6 I.F. Amp	1.6	85	165	5.5	6.3
6AV6 Det., A.F. Amp., A.V.C.		_	80*	0.3	6.3
6AQ5 Output	_	165	250	28	6.3
6X4 Rectifier	255	• Anna	245/245 AC. R.M.S.	_	6.3

Volts across back-bias resistor R14 = 8 volts.

^{*} In some receivers this reading may be as high as 60 ohms.

Total H.T. Current = 48 mA.

Measured at 240 volts A.C. supply. No signal input. Volume Control maximum clockwise. Voltmeter 1000 ohms per volt; measurements taken on highest scale giving accurate readable deflection.

^{*} This reading may vary depending on the resistance of the voltmeter used.

CIRCUIT CODE — RADIOLA 565MA

C	Q Ω	;	R19	R17	R16	R15	R14	R13		R12	R11	R10	R9	R8		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1			15, 16	L4	L2, L3			Code No.
12-445 µµF Tuning	47 $\mu\mu$ F Silvered Mica 6.8 $\mu\mu$ F Ceramic	CAPACITORS	5,000 ohms 2 ,,	150 ohms 1 ,,	าร 🕹	r> ~	N⊢	0.27 megohms 1 watt	(including S1)	Tone C	NH-	N)-	2,200 ohms 🗼 ,,	50 ohms ½ watt	(Tapped at 40,000 ohms)	Volu	ohms 👌	NΗ	N;-	_	22,000 ohms ½ ,,	100 ohms ½ watt	RESISTORS	2nd I.F. Transformer	1st I.F. Transformer	Oscillator Coil 540-1600 Kc/s.	Aerial Coil 540-1600 Kc/s.	I.F. Filter (including C1)	INDUCTORS	Description
18679										26441						27145								27353	27351	32406	30768	9382		Part No. Fig. No.
_	2 2	ì	>	2	12	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2		_		2	κ.	2		y. No.
G4	E14 F15	8	F8 H	Н2	F7	G 6	G7	G9		G	G7	F7	D9	C9		D 9	G12	J12	D12	J15	H17	H16		9ر	J.5	E13	D16	E14		Location
S1			12	1		C27	C26	C25	C24	C23	C22	C21	C20	C19	C18	C17	C16	C15	C14	C13	C12	C11	C10	C9	8	C7	6	C5	C4	Code No.
	5" permanent magnet	LOUDSPEAKERS	12 Power Transformer 50-60 C.P.S.	Loudspeaker Transformer	TRANSFORMERS	$47 \mu\mu$ F Silvered Mica (added					C22 0.1 μ F paper 200 V working			$0.05~\mu\text{F}$ pape	0.1	C17 0.1 μ F paper 200V working	0.01 µF	100	100 μμF	_	220 μμΕ		0 100					440 μμ F p		Code No. Description
	5" permanent magnet		Power Transformer 50-60 C	Loudspeaker Transformer		•						0.025 µF paper 400 V working	100 μμF mica	$0.05~\mu F$ paper 400V working	0.1 µF paper 200V working	0.1 μ F paper 200V working	0.01 µF	100 μμF	100 μμF	0.05 µF	220 μμΕ		0					440 $\mu\mu$ F padder $\pm 2\frac{1}{2}\%$	717	Description
			Power Transformer 50-60 C.P.S.	Loudspeaker Transformer		$47 \mu\mu$ F Silvered Mica (added						0.025 µF paper 400 V working	100 μμF mica	$0.05~\mu F$ paper 400V working	0.1	0.1 μ F paper 200V working	0.01 µF	100 μμF	100 μμF	0.05 µF	220 μμΕ		0				12-445 μμF Tuning	440 $\mu\mu$ F padder $\pm 2\frac{1}{2}\%$	717	